

विषय कोड :

125

Subject Code:

COHERENT ENGLISH CLASSES

QUESTION PAPER SERIAL NO

125895358

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION – 2022

(Annual)

ENGLISH (Model Set No-1)

I.Sc. & I.Com. –LL- ENGLISH (Opt)

Time : 3 Hours 15 Minutes

Full Marks :- 100

Instructions for the candidates :-

1. Candidates are required to give answers in their own words as far as practicable.
2. Figures in the right hand margin indicate full marks.
3. 15 minutes of extra time has been allotted for the candidates to read the questions and follow the instructions carefully.
4. While answering the questions, candidates should adhere to the word limit as far as practicable.
5. All questions are compulsory.
6. Use of any electronic device is strictly prohibited.
7. This question paper is divided into two sections – Section – A and Section – B
8. In Section – A, there are 100 objective type questions out of which any 50 questions have to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
9. Darken the circle with blue/black ball pen against the correct option on OMR Answer Sheet provided to you. Do not use Whitener / Liquid / Blade / Nail on OMR Answer Sheet; otherwise the result will be treated invalid.
10. In case more than 50 questions are answered, only the first 50 answers will be evaluated.
11. In Section – B, there are descriptive type questions.

SECTION - A

Objective Type Questions

Question No. 1 to 100 have four options, out of which only one is correct. You have to mark your selected option on the OMR Sheet. Out of 100 questions, you have to attempt only 50 questions. **[50x1=50]**

GRAMMAR OBJECTIVES

1. Choose the Indirect narration the following sentences
He said, "How will you do it?"
[A]. He said that how would he do it.
[B]. He said that how will he do that.
[C]. He said that how would you do it.
[D]. He told that how would you do it.
2. Choose the Indirect narration the following sentences
Tom said to me, "Who is knocking at the door?"
[A]. Tom told me that who is knocking at the door?
[B]. Tom told me that who was knocking at the door?
[C]. Tom told me that who was knocked at the door?
[D]. Tom told me that who has knocking at the door?
3. Interchange the following sentences from Affirmative to Negative
He is very industrious.
[A]. He Is Not Active.
[B]. He Is Not Laborious.
[C]. He Is Not Lazy.
[D]. None Of These.
4. Choose the correct spelled word from the following.
[A]. Omision
[B]. Ommision
[C]. Omission
[D]. Omession
5. Choose the plural form of "LOAF" from below option.
[A]. Loafes
[B]. Loafs
[C]. Loaves
[D]. Leaves

6. Remove 'too' from the following sentences without altering its meaning.

The news is too good to be true.

- [A]. News Is Very Much True.
- [B]. The News Is So Good That It Can Be True.
- [C]. The News Is So Good That It Cannot Be True.
- [D]. News Was Not Very Much True.

7. Kids.....watch cartoons because they like them.

- [A]. Sometimes
- [B]. Always
- [C]. Almost Never
- [D]. Never

8. Choose the appropriate option from the below

Sri Ram Ji is.....sevents avtar of Lord Vishnu.

- [A]. A
- [B]. An
- [C]. The
- [D]. None Of These.

9. Interchange the following sentences from Interrogative to Assertive sentences without modifying its meaning.

Can I ever win the first prize?

- [A]. I Could Never Win The First Prize.
- [B]. I Would Never Win The First Prize.
- [C]. I Will Never Win The First Prize.
- [D]. I Can Never Win The First Prize.

10. Interchange the following sentences from Affirmative to Negative

He is polite to everyone.

- [A]. He Is Not Polite To Anyone.
- [B]. He Wasn'T Rude To Anyone.
- [C]. He Is Not Courteous To Anyone.
- [D]. He Is Not Rude To Anyone.

11. Choose the correct synonyms of 'a burden'

- [A]. Sound
- [B]. Package
- [C]. Detail
- [D]. Hardship

12. Choose the correct question tag for below sentences.

You can't swim,_____?

- [A]. Will You
[B]. Could You
[C]. Do You
[D]. Can You
13. I saw.....one eyed man crossing the bridge. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. A
[B]. An
[C]. The
[D]. None Of These.
14. The friend.....party I went to is a pianist. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Who
[B]. Whose
[C]. Which
[D]. Those
15. Choose the correct sentence
[A]. When Did You Saw The Taj Mahal?
[B]. When Did You Seen The Taj Mahal?
[C]. When Did You See The Taj Mahal?
[D]. When Had You Saw The Taj Mahal?
16. Look at.....boy in.....blue shirt over there. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. A, A
[B]. The, The
[C]. The, A
[D]. None Of These.
17. Honest people.....tells a lie. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Never
[B]. Always
[C]. Seldom
[D]. Usually
18. Choose the correct synonyms of 'to hesitate'
[A]. Wonder
[B]. Cause
[C]. Delay
[D]. Break
19. We will both stay here.....you come back. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Since
[B]. Till

- [C]. Until
[D]. While
20. The shirt is _____ your head. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. About
[B]. To
[C]. Above
[D]. For
21.did he not apply for a job. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Hardly
[B]. Where
[C]. Yet
[D]. Almost
22. Choose the correct most nearly word in meaning of "to resort to "
[A]. Vacation At
[B]. Sort
[C]. Wonder About
[D]. Make Use Of
23. Choose the correct synonyms of 'to overwhelm'
[A]. Climb
[B]. Overpower
[C]. Finish
[D]. Rebuild
24. He has gone _____ the book.
[A]. Through
[B]. In
[C]. By
[D]. Under
25. Which sentence has the adverb in the wrong position?
[A]. We Went Last Year To Morocco On Holiday.
[B]. The Team Played Brilliantly.
[C]. She Played Softly The Piano.
[D]. I'M Going To Carry The Eggs Carefully.
26. Interchange the following sentences from Interrogative to Assertive sentences without modifying its meaning.
Can the blind see?
[A]. The Blind Cannot See.
[B]. The Blind Could Not See.

- [C]. The Blind Can Not Saw.
[D]. The Blind Can Not See.
27. We have several trees in.....garden. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. My
[B]. Our
[C]. Ours
[D]. None Of These.
28. This is a river _____ water. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Through
[B]. In
[C]. By
[D]. Without
29. Bring a kilo _____ rice for me. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. In
[B]. For
[C]. By
[D]. Of
30. Neither Ram nor Shyam.....present in the classroom. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Are
[B]. Were
[C]. Is
[D]. Both A & B Are True.
31. Choose the plural form of "MONKEY" from below option.
[A]. Monkeys
[B]. Monkeis
[C]. Monkeies
[D]. Monkeyes
32. I enjoy visiting many different countries.....I wouldn't want to live anywhere else but India. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. And
[B]. But
[C]. Or
[D]. So
33. Interchange the following sentences from Assertive sentences to Interrogative sentences without modifying its meaning.
I shall never forget you.

- [A]. Do I Ever Forget You?
[B]. Will I Ever Forget You?
[C]. Won'T I Ever Forget You?
[D]. Shall I Ever Forget You?
34. Go _____ this street and turn right. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Along
[B]. After
[C]. At
[D]. Against
35. Two liters of milk easily.....this container. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Fell
[B]. Fill
[C]. Filled
[D]. Fills
36. Justice must be done.....the sky falls. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Although
[B]. Even
[C]. Even If
[D]. Before
37. Radha often thinks of.....trees. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Climbs
[B]. Climb
[C]. To Be Climbing
[D]. Climbing
38. Sita is looking_____ Gita.
[A]. From
[B]. To
[C]. Among
[D]. At
39.had we entered the room.....they started clapping. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Whether...Or
[B]. No Sooner...Than
[C]. Not Only..But Also
[D]. None Of These
40. Choose the correct spelled word from the following.
[A]. Olamost

- [B]. Allmost
[C]. Allmust
[D]. Almost
41. Choose the plural form of "SELF" from below option.
[A]. Selves
[B]. Shelves
[C]. Selfes
[D]. Selfs
42. I sold my watch _____ 5000.
[A]. Behind
[B]. For
[C]. By
[D]. To
43. May God bless you with happiness! (Change the following to Passive Voice)
[A]. May be you blessed with happiness!
[B]. May you be blessed with happiness!
[C]. May you blessed with happiness!
[D]. May be you be blessed with happiness!
44. Choose the correct sentence.
[A]. Naina Always Go To Work At Seven.
[B]. Naina Go To Work At Seven Always.
[C]. Naina Is Always Going To Work At Seven.
[D]. Naina Always Goes To Work At Seven.
45. Sohan drives the car. (Change the following to Passive Voice)
[A]. The car is drived by Sohan.
[B]. The car is driven by Sohan.
[C]. A car is driven by Sohan.
[D]. A car was driven by Sohan.
46. The breakfast and the lunch.....fantastic. (Choose the appropriate option)
[A]. Are
[B]. Were
[C]. Is
[D]. Both A & B Are True.
47. How many children.....she have? (Choose the Correct option)
[A]. Will Be
[B]. Does
[C]. Are

- [D]. Do
48. Asia.....a continent. (Choose the Correct option)
- [A]. are.
[B]. is
[C]. was
[D]. were
49. No man knows when he shall die,he knows he must die.
- [A]. Although
[B]. Even
[C]. Even If
[D]. Before
50. This house is and old.
- [A]. Awkward
[B]. Electric
[C]. Big
[D]. Fat

TEXT BOOK OBJECTIVES

51. The author of the novel "The Ambassadors" is_____.
- [A]. Herman Melville
[B]. Mark Twain
[C]. Henry James
[D]. Ernest Hemingway
52. English is used as a _____ China, Japan, UAE, etc.
- [A]. Mother Tongue
[B]. Second Language
[C]. Third Language
[D]. Foreign Language
53. The author of the novel "A Suitable Boy" is_____.
- [A]. Anita Desai
[B]. Arun Joshi
[C]. Vikram Seth
[D]. Amitav Ghosh
54. Dr. Zakir Hussain was also a greatest.....
- [A]. Citizen
[B]. Man

- [C]. Personality
[D]. Freedom Fighter
55. The author of the novel "Voss" is _____.
[A]. Patrick White
[B]. Tony Morrison
[C]. Alice Walker
[D]. Ralph Ellison
56. Barterand Russel was born in _____ and died in _____.
[A]. 1870-1972
[B]. 1872-1970
[C]. 1840-1960
[D]. 1860-1950
57. The author of the novel "The Blue Bedspread" is _____.
[A]. Shashi Tharoor
[B]. Arundhati Roy
[C]. Raj Kamal Jha
[D]. Kiran Desai
58. Drama is a literary art as well as _____ art.
[A]. Performance
[B]. Acting
[C]. Supernatural
[D]. Representational
59. The Emperor of the Russian was called _____.
[A]. Sultan
[B]. Czars
[C]. King
[D]. Knight
60. The printing press set up by William Caxton at the Westminster Abbey, England in _____.
[A]. Ad 1474
[B]. Ad 1475
[C]. Ad 1476
[D]. Ad 1477
61. Middle English was (a/an) _____ language.
[A]. Standardize
[B]. Easy
[C]. Dialectical

- [D]. Constant
62. Dr. Hussain pledged himself to the service of the totality of ____
- [A]. Indian Culture
 - [B]. Indian Civilization
 - [C]. National Character
 - [D]. All True
63. The author of the novel "Sula" is ____.
- [A]. Margaret Atwood
 - [B]. Tony Morrison
 - [C]. Ralph Ellison
 - [D]. Richard Wright
64. The author of the novel "Native Son and Black Boy" is ____.
- [A]. Margaret Atwood
 - [B]. Tony Morrison
 - [C]. Ralph Ellison
 - [D]. Richard Wright
65. The author of the book, 'A History of Western philosophy' is ____
- [A]. Alex La Guma
 - [B]. Dorothy L. Sayers
 - [C]. Chinua Achebe
 - [D]. Bertrand Russell
66. From where the strange scent was coming ?
- [A]. From Snake Body
 - [B]. From Carob Tree
 - [C]. From Water Tap
 - [D]. From Pyjamas
67. Anton Chekhov is a _____ writer by birth.
- [A]. Canadian
 - [B]. British
 - [C]. Russian
 - [D]. American
68. Who brought the Kitten for Narrator's Mother?
- [A]. The Minister
 - [B]. Lala Sohan Lal Ratiram
 - [C]. Nanukaka
 - [D]. Hazrat Barkat Ali
69. The Indian English fiction has won ____ Booker prize so far.

- [A]. Six
[B]. Five
[C]. Seven
[D]. Eight
70. What was just a clumsy great thing?
[A]. A Bakin Gourd
[B]. A Symmetrical Gourd
[C]. A Five Inches Long Gourd
[D]. None Of These
71. We have had no system of _____ competition.
[A]. Materialism
[B]. Life-Corroding
[C]. Dissuading
[D]. None Of These
72. Bharat Ratan was given to Dr. Zakir Hussain in.....
[A]. 1962
[B]. 1963
[C]. 1964
[D]. 1965
73. Occasionally _____ may produce disastrous hesitations and inconsistencies in public policy.
[A]. Freedom Of Press
[B]. Freedom Of Newspaper
[C]. Freedom Of Masses
[D]. None Of These
74. Benjy's parents didn't like Florence because she.....
[A]. Was Undistinguished Girl
[B]. Has Ugly Legs
[C]. Has A Mouth That Would Not Keep Shut
[D]. All True
75. _____ the special accomplishment of the corrupt media houses
[A]. False Emphasis
[B]. Sensational Headlines
[C]. Suppression Of Context
[D]. All True
76. The people of Europe are inspired by _____ and Roman writing.
[A]. Greece

- [B]. Egypt
[C]. Indian
[D]. Persian
77. Walt Whitman is one of the most famous poet of
[A]. American Canon
[B]. British Canon
[C]. Australian Canon
[D]. African Canon
78. Long infancy was a biological advantage to
[A]. Animals
[B]. Birds
[C]. Mankind
[D]. Earth
79. We will not be satisfied until justice rolls down like water and..... like mighty stream.
[A]. Love
[B]. Hate
[C]. Righteousness
[D]. Justice
80. We are by the material progress that Western science made.
[A]. Dazzled
[B]. Dazzle
[C]. Dazzling
[D]. None Of These
81. ""Song of my self"" is written by
[A]. Walt Whitman
[B]. W. H. Auden
[C]. John Donne
[D]. T.S.Eliot
82. Your Leap _____ behind by half mile.
[A]. Leave
[B]. Look
[C]. Lagged
[D]. Put
83. The author of the novel "Arrow of God" is _____.
[A]. Chinua Achebe
[B]. Ngugi Wa Thiong/अंगमि वा थायोंग

[C]. Alex La Guma/

[D]. Nadine Gordimer/नडीन गोर्डिमर

84. I have a dream speech he delineates the condition of poverty, discrimination and torture that the___suffered in his time.

[A]. Negroes

[B]. Martin Luther King

[C]. White American

[D]. None Of These

85. in Bangladesh children play out of doors with_____.

[A]. Toy

[B]. Modern Toy

[C]. Animals

[D]. Natural Objects

86. European civilization will mean_____for India.

[A]. Good

[B]. Logical

[C]. Ruin

[D]. None Of These

87. Dr. Radhakrishnan brought to the Presidency a..... equipment, a degree of erudition and wealth of experience rarely to be found anywhere.

[A]. Mental

[B]. Metal

[C]. Strong

[D]. None Of These

88. What did Seibei see when he was strolling along the beach?

[A]. A Bald And Elongated Head Of An Old Man.

[B]. Vindictive Teacher

[C]. Father'S Friend

[D]. A Big Ship

89. Who seldom takes a big decision without consulting Nanukaka?

[A]. The Narrator

[B]. Sohan Lal Ratiram

[C]. Hazrat Barkat Ali

[D]. None Of These

90. According to Nataliya Lomov's dog has_____ defect

[A]. Three

[B]. Two

- [C]. Four
[D]. Five
91. Our ancestors enjoyed _____ Rule.
[A]. Brotherhood
[B]. Holy Scriptures
[C]. True Home
[D]. None Of These
92. The naming ceremony In Sylheti Society is held when the baby is _____ old
[A]. Seven Days
[B]. One Month
[C]. One Year
[D]. Five Years
93. The author of the novel "The Inheritance of Loss" is _____.
[A]. Shashi Tharoor
[B]. Arundhati Roy
[C]. Raj Kamal Jha
[D]. Kiran Desai
94. The host was called by neighbours to.....?
[A]. Fight An Englishman
[B]. Take Luncheon
[C]. Kill A Snake
[D]. Dance
95. Narrator regard ministers as being _____ higher than God;
[A]. Two Steps
[B]. One Steps
[C]. Five Steps
[D]. All False
96. All that the Johnson had was.....
[A]. Money
[B]. Hen
[C]. Incubator Houses
[D]. Earth
97. Shiga Naoya was a celebrated Japanese _____ writer
[A]. Travelogue
[B]. Short Story
[C]. Essay
[D]. All True

98. Perhaps no single language has influenced English as much as____
[A]. Scandinavin
[B]. Latin
[C]. Runic
[D]. French
99. Who had come to see Nanukaka at Narrator's House?
[A]. Lala Sohan Lal Ratiram
[B]. Hazrat Barket Ali
[C]. The Welfare Minister
[D]. Chap
100. _____is an outstanding feature of dramatic design and appears in the form of the reduplication of motives, interest and themes.
[A]. Farce
[B]. One Act Play
[C]. Parallelism
[D]. Masque

SECTION - B

Descriptive Type Questions

2. **Write an essay in about 150-200 words on any one :** [8]
a. Pollution
b. Cricket
c. Village fair
d. Hobby
e. Science Advantages and disadvantages

3. **Write an application to your headmaster requesting him to grant you scholarship.** [5]

OR

Write a letter to your father requesting him to send you 500 for school examination fees. [5]

4. **Answer any five of the following :** [2 x 5=10]

- i. What did Gandhi do for the farmers in Bihar
- ii. Why does Dr. Zakir Husain call India "The Young State of an ancient people"?
- iii. How did the Under-secretary change his appearance to accompany Nanukaka?
- iv. Did language play a role in human development?
- v. Name the two works of Shakespeare.
- vi. What makes a man's power feeble according to John Donne?
- vii. What do 'trolls do in the 'leafless wood'?
- viii. In what sense does the Sun conspire with autumn?

5. Answer any three of the following :

[3x5=15]

a. Write a brief note on future of English in India.

b. Match the poets given in the List :

List-A	List-B
Sweetest Love I Do Not Goe	Walter De La Mare
An Epitaph	Walt Whitman
Song Of Myself	D. H Lawrence
Snake	John Donne
To Autumn	John Keats

c. Translate any five of the following :

- महावीर एक महापुरुष थे ।
- वे वैशाली में रहते थे।
- उनके पिता एक क्षत्रिय राजा थे।
- यह गंगोत्री से निकलती है
- मैं गांव में रहता हूँ।
- मरा गांव पटना से नजदीक है।
- मुझे ग्रामीण जीवन बहुत पसंद है।

d. What led English to borrowing?

e. Discuss the relevance of English for Indians.

6. Explain any two of the following : [4x2=8]

- a. Religion is ever-present in Indian life, in its best as well as in its worst aspects.
- b. When we speak of “freedom of the press”, we usually mean freedom in a very technical and restricted sense.
- c. What does Zakir Husain say about material and cultural life, individual and social development, giving a special flavour to India?
- d. How does pearl S. Buck describe Kashmir?
- e. Creeds and schools in abeyance,
Retiring back a while sufficed at what they are, but never forgotten,
I harbor for good or bad, I permit to speak at every hazard,
Nature without check with original energy.
- f. Yesternight the sun went hence,
And yet is here today;
He hath no desire nor sense,
Nor half so short a way:
Then fear not me,
But believe that I shall make
Speedier journeys, since I take
More wings and spurs than he.
- g. There is a house now far away where once
I received love..... That woman died,
The house withdrew into silence, snakes moved
Among books, I was then too young
To read, and my blood turned cold like the moon
- h. And think, this heart, all evil shed away,
A pulse in the eternal mind, no less

Gives somewhere back the thoughts by England given;
Her sights and sounds; dreams happy as her day;
And laughter, learnt of friends; and gentleness,
In hearts at peace, under an English heaven.

7. Answer any one of the following :

[4]

Read the Passage and answer the questions :

Education is not an end but a means to an end and we do not educate children for the purpose of educating them: the purpose is to prepare their for life. As soon as we realise this we will understand that it is very important to choose a system of education which will really prepare children for life. In many modern countries it has for sometime been fashionable to think that by free education for all, whether rich or poor, clever or stupid. One can solve all the problems of society and build a perfect nation. But it has been proved beyond doubt that free education for all is not enough. The number of people having high degrees from colleges and universities but getting on corresponding jobs is increasing by leaps and bounds. So, a new kind of education in which degrees enable us to get jobs is needed.

- I. Does free education or education for all help us.
 - a. Yes, it help us in getting job.
 - b. Yes, but if the quality of education is high.
 - c. No it doesn't help us at all
 - d. None of above.
- II. In Modern countries it is fashion that
 - a. To give education for all.
 - b. To give education to poor, clever and stupid.
 - c. To give free education to all.
 - d. To give education to clever and stupid only.
- III. Give the opposite of - Realise, Perfect
- IV. Make sentences with – corresponding, leaps and bounds

OR

Make a precis of the following passage and suggest a suitable title :

Abraham Lincoln was born on 12 February 1809 near Hodgenville, Kentucky. He was brought up in Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois. His parents were poor pioneers and Lincoln was largely self-educated. In 1836, he qualified as a lawyer and went to work in a law practice in Springfield, Illinois. He sat in the state legislature from 1834 to 1842 and in 1846 was elected to Congress, representing the Whig Party for a term. In 1856, he joined the new Republican Party and in 1860 he was asked to run as their presidential candidate.

In the presidential campaign, Lincoln made his opposition to slavery very clear. His victory provoked a crisis, with many southerners fearing that he would attempt to abolish slavery in the South. Seven southern states left the Union to form the Confederate States of America, also known as the Confederacy. Four more joined later. Lincoln vowed to preserve the Union even if it meant war.

Fighting broke out in April 1861. Lincoln always defined the Civil War as a struggle to save the Union, but in January 1863 he nonetheless issued the Emancipation Proclamation, which freed all slaves in areas still under Confederate control. This was an important symbolic gesture that identified the Union's struggle as a war to end slavery.

On 9 April 1865, the Confederate general Robert E Lee surrendered, effectively ending the war. It had lasted for more than four years and 600,000 Americans had died. Less than a week later, Lincoln was shot while attending a performance at Ford's Theatre in Washington DC and died the next morning, 15 April 1865. His assassin, John Wilkes Booth, was a strong supporter of the Confederacy.

ANSWER SHEET

OBJECTIVE ANSWER KEY

[1]. C, [2]. B, [3]. C, [4]. C, [5]. C, [6]. C, [7]. B, [8]. C, [9]. D, [10]. D, [11]. D, [12]. D, [13]. A, [14]. B, [15]. C, [16]. C, [17]. A, [18]. C, [19]. C, [20]. B, [21]. B, [22]. D, [23]. B, [24]. A, [25]. C, [26]. D, [27]. B, [28]. D, [29]. D, [30]. C, [31]. A, [32]. B, [33]. D, [34]. A, [35]. D, [36]. C, [37]. D, [38]. D, [39]. B, [40]. D, [41]. A, [42]. B, [43]. B, [44]. D, [45]. B, [46]. D, [47]. B, [48]. B, [49]. A, [50]. C, [51]. C, [52]. D, [53]. C, [54]. D, [55]. A, [56]. B, [57]. C, [58]. D, [59]. B, [60]. D, [61]. C, [62]. A, [63]. B, [64]. D, [65]. D, [66]. B, [67]. C, [68]. C, [69]. B, [70]. A, [71]. B, [72]. B, [73]. A, [74]. D, [75]. D, [76]. A, [77]. A, [78]. C, [79]. C, [80]. A, [81]. A, [82]. C, [83]. A, [84]. A, [85]. D, [86]. C, [87]. A, [88]. A, [89]. C, [90]. B, [91]. C, [92]. A, [93]. D, [94]. C, [95]. A, [96]. D, [97]. B, [98]. B, [99]. C, [100]. C

Section B

Question No-2

A. Pollution

The word pollution was derived from the Latin word pollution, which means to make dirty. Pollution is the process of making the environment pollute the water and the air by adding harmful substances. Pollution causes an imbalance in the environment. This imbalance threatened the very survival of all forms of life. It's a threat to the whole world. India ranks at the bottom of the 125 of the 132 countries in the 2012 Environmental Performance Index. Pollution of the environment is a serious problem of industrialized societies. Industrial development and the green revolution have had a negative impact on the environment. People have converted the life support system of all living people into their own resources and have greatly disrupted the natural ecological balance. Serious degradation and depletion have been caused due to overuse, abuse and mismanagement of resources to meet human greed. Environmental pollution is defined as the adverse alteration of our environment. It is a by - product of human activities that directly or indirectly responsible of the changes in the environment. These changes could be in the physical, chemical or biological characteristics of air or water that are harmful to human life and other living things. Population explosion, rapid industrialization, deforestation, unplanned urbanization, scientific and technological advancement, etc.

b. Cricket

Cricket is a game played out of home, which is especially loved by children and dreams of becoming a good cricketer in their youth days. It is played on a large open field using bat and ball. It is played between two teams in which 11-11 players are played. It is played in a center of the field of a 22 yards long rectangular pitch. Used when batting, the batsman uses it for the run and tries to get runs in the form of an innings.

One of the two teams is the bowler and the other team is called the batsman. The bowler tries to throw the ball away from the batsman to take the wicket of the batsman. A batsman batting as long as he does not make a mistake. Anyone who starts batting starts batting till his 10 batsmen are out or if a definite number of over 6 ball overs are not completed.

c. Village fair

A village fair is an occasion of the village people to enjoy a public gathering. It is one of the most important events for the villagers in a year. The fair is held on a specific occasion including Pahela Baishak, Chaitro Sangkranti, Durga Puja or birthday of a famous writer etc. The village fair is organized by village committee. The committee organizes the fair at an open field. Hundreds of stalls and make-shift shops of various items are installed at the fair. Children wait for a long time for the fair. They count down the days and make a list of buying goods from the fair. Different forms of entertainments including circus show, mock fight, magic show, jatra, puppet show amuse the villagers.

Men, women and children of all ages gather and buy many fancy things for their household purposes. They also arrange for a family get-together and invite their relatives centering the event. Undoubtedly, the fair brings immense pleasure to the villagers and gives them relaxed moments from the everyday's toilsome life. But some evil practices including gambling in the fair must be discouraged.

d. Hobby

A hobby is the best form of recreation to mind and body. People's hobbies differ very much according to the character of the person himself. What would appeal to one man might be the subject of ridicule to another. The best form of recreation is one that can develop in one awareness, color, concentration and an observational power. In pursuance of a hobby, one can enjoy one's leisure and learn at the same time. There are many activities in our life, which can be developed into hobbies or interest. One should choose a hobby wisely. Reading, indoor games, painting, writing, singing, dancing, reading for a blind boy or even decorating a house etc. are some well-known hobbies. Denise Robins, queen of romantic writers, with 130 novels to her name, cultivates roses. Hobbies fill a gap. It can our spirit when we

are depressed. It makes us creative. Many friendships are formed among people who have common hobbies. The unique quality of a person can be developed with the help of a good hobby. It eases your mind to be absorbed in something. You have something to show to your friends and something which is educating and brings relaxation to a tired mind. Many hobbies can be used commercially and it can bring fame. Hobby is constructive. It gives the mind something positive to hold on to. Nothing can make you feel bored while you have an interesting hobby to turn to.

e. Science Advantages and disadvantages

Science today has given us such comforts as were unimaginable a few years ago. To-day we have electricity, telephone, television, internet, computers, machines for everything, robots etc. all of these things have made the life of a man very comfortable. The electric fans, cars, trams and aero-planes etc are among other scientific inventions and discoveries which have increased happiness of man. Science has made this world a global village by the inventions of internet, telephone and computer. Any kind of information is just at distance of a "click".

Advantages of Science

Science has made travelling easy and efficient by the inventions of aero planes, bullet trains and ships. The inventions of modern vehicles have shortened the distances. There are aero planes which have shortened the distances. For traveling within a country, there are modern and advances models of buses and cars, providing the luxury life style. To move within a city, people use motor bikes, bicycles and taxi. Not only traveling is advanced now, but everything has a big impact of science. Science has changed the teaching methods, for example, teachers used black boards and chinks in past, but now they are using multimedia projectors.

Disadvantages of science

On the destructive site, science has invented such disastrous weapons which can ruin everything in seconds. The inventions of laser beams, cobalt bomb and megaton bomb have increased the chances of human destruction thus if these weapons are used, they would spell disaster for the whole mankind.

3. Write an application to your headmaster requesting him to grant you scholarship.

Date: Day/Month/Year

To
The Principal
Adarsh Vidyalaya Darbhanga
Bihar – 847115

Subject: Application For Scholarship.

Dear Sir,
With due respect I beg to say that I am the student of 12th standard of your school. I belong to a weaker section of society. The financial condition of my family is not good. Sir, my school fees is three thousand per month, but I am unable to pay three thousand per month because of financial issue.

My past record shows that I am a good student of your school. I have always scored high percentage of marks in all subjects. I am very hardworking and dedicated student. All the teachers appreciate me. I have been paying my fee on time but recently my family is going through financial crisis.

My father is a shopkeeper. He earns 8000 per month. he has large family and he is only earner of the family. Due to Covid-19, they had a huge loss in their business. He has many liabilities. So, He can't pay three thousand fee per month. In such a situation it is becoming difficult for me to continue my study which is beyond our means. I am keenly interested to continue my studies.

Therefore, I request you to kindly waive the fees and grant me scholarship. I am sure, you will find me the most deserving. I am confident you would certainly be kind enough to grant me scholarship. I will be thankful to you.

Yours Obediently
Your Name
Class:
Roll No:

Or

Write a letter to your father requesting him to send you 500 for school examination fees.

Gaighat, Patna,

Respected/Dear papa,

Pranaam/As salaam alaikum,

I got your loving later today. I am happy to know that you are all quite well there. please don't worry about me I am quite well and studying very hard as my examination are near.

i need some new book and i have to pay my examination fees so kindly send me rupees 500/- soon as possible.

Rest is ok kindly accept my regards and keep us informed about your well-fare

Your Loving

Your Name

4. Answer any five of the following :

[2 x 5=10]

i. What did Gandhi do for the farmers in Bihar

Ans: Gandhiji did Satyagraha movement for the farmers in Bihar. गांधी जी ने बिहार के किसान के लिए सत्याग्रह आंदोलन किया। It was the first movement against British rule led by Mahatma Gandhi in India. ये गांधीजी के नेतृत्व में अंग्रेज के खिलाफ भारत में पहला आंदोलन था।

ii. Why does Dr. Zakir Husain call India "The Young State of an ancient people"?

Dr. Zakir Husain call India "the Young State of an ancient people" Because the India was set free from British rule very recently and the foundation of democracy in India Was Very New. But Indian civilization was very ancient and old. डॉ. जाकिर हुसैन ने भारत को "प्राचीन लोगों की नई गणराज्य" इसलिए कहा क्योंकि भारत को हाल ही में ब्रिटिश शासन से मुक्ति मिली थी और भारत में लोकतांत्रिक व्यवस्था की नींव बहुत नई थी। पर भारत की सभ्यता बड़ी प्राचीन थी।

iii. How did the Under-secretary change his appearance to accompany Nanukaka?

The under-Secretary leaved the formal dress and changed into Jodhpur coat and Nanukaka tied a huge orange turban round his head अवर सचिव ने सूट-बूट छोड़ दिया और जोधपुर वाला कोट बदला और नानुकाका ने नारंगी रंग का बड़ा सा पगड़ी उसके सर पे बंधा दिया।

iv. Did language play a role in human development?

Yes, language played very important role in human developement. हां, मानव विकास में भाषा बहुत महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाई है। Without it, it would have been very difficult to hand on from generation to generation the inventions and discoveries that were gradually made. इसके बिना वो अविष्कार और खोज जो धीरे धीरे किये गए पीढ़ी दर पीढ़ी को हस्तान्तरित करना बहुत कठिन होता।

v. Name the two works of Shakespare.

The two works of Shakespare are Romeo and Juliet and Julius Caesar
शेक्सपियर की दो कृतियाँ रोमियो और जूलियट और जूलियस सीज़र हैं

vi. What makes a man's power feeble according to John Donne?

Fall of good fortune makes a man's power feeble. अच्छे भाग्य का पतन एक आदमी की शक्ति को कमजोर बनाता है।

vii. What do 'trolls do in the 'leafless wood'?

The trolls run scolding for their food in leafless wood. Here Trolls means difficulties and leafless wood means hopeless life. आत्माएं चीखती-पुकारती दौर रही है शुष्क वन में भोजन के खोज में। यहां “ट्रॉल्स” का मतलब है कठिनाइयों और “लफ्लेस वुड” का मतलब निराशाजनक जीवन है।

viii. In what sense does the Sun conspire with autumn?

The sun conspire with autumn in two sense first it help the plant in Photosynthesis and second it also help the plant in ripening fruits with it heat. सूर्य दो अर्थों में शरद ऋतु के साथ साजिस करता है, पहला यह प्रकाश संश्लेषण में पौधे की मदद करता है और दूसरा ये अपनी गर्मी से पौधे के फल को पकाने में भी मदद करता है।

5. Answer any three of the following :

[3x5=15]

a. Write a brief note on future of English in India.

India is a vast country inhabited by people speaking different languages. Languages has, therefore, been a very controversial issue right since India

became free. Different political leaders and educationists have been expressing different opinions on the subject. Even today the issue remains as unresolved as it was half a century ago.

English was introduced in our schools and colleges by the Britishers. It gradually took firm roots in the soil of our hand. India is a vast country. English played an important role in the freedom struggle. The contribution of English in this respect cannot be undermined.

It was believed that after the departure of the English from India, English would also be discarded. But, in reality, this language has continued to occupy an important place in the country. It was laid down by our Constituent Assembly that Hindi, our national language, would replace English within 15 years. All felt that the common language of the country must be some Indian language. But circumstances took such a shape that English had to be recognized as the second official language of the country.

India is trying to become a powerful nation in all spheres. The economic, social and political life of the nation is to be changed. It is an uphill task. Progress is possible only if the people of India freely interact with their counterparts in other developed countries of the world. The world is becoming smaller day by day. People in other countries are making rapid progress in numerous fields of knowledge. English is our life-line of contact with the outside world. It is an important bridge for the traffic of thought between the East and the West. English continues to be an important language used by computers and commercial establishments in major parts of the world. In India too it continues to be a mark of education.

Advanced knowledge in various science and the latest researches can come to India through the medium of English. We cannot read every book through translations in Hindi or in any other regional language. By depriving ourselves of this language, we shall be missing the glorious works of Shakespeare, Shelley, Keats and Byron. English has a literature of love and freedom, nature and adventure. Even some renowned Indians have produced their best work through the medium of this language. Authors like Nehru, Radhakrishnan, Aurobindo Ghosh, Mulk Raj Anand, Sarojini Naidu and Gandhi wrote their books in English. In fact, English is an important international language.

Regional languages have not yet fully developed. Some universities have taken steps to develop the regional languages fully. But it will take a long time before regional languages are in a position to replace English.

Recently, some Southern states in India have been expressing fears regarding the imposition of Hindi on them. The Government has assured them that English would continue to say and to be used along with Hindi. English is, therefore, essential for national unity. There is little doubt that English has come to say in this country as an important language. Almost every new private school being opened in the country is an English medium school. English has come to be recognized not only as a mark of education but also as a mark of status and prestige.

The lovers of English will, however, have to accept a subdued place for English in the changing state of affairs. It is being increasingly realized that English should be developed and taught more as a library language than as a language of refined literature and rich thought. Moreover, English can no longer continue to remain the only language of opportunity. Only recently the Central Government allowed the use of regional languages as medium of examination in all competitive examinations for class I and II posts. This shows that English may never have its pre-1947 status in times to come. It will, however, have to be used along with Hindi and the regional languages of the country for all times to come.

b. Match the poets given in the List :

List-A	List-B
Sweetest Love I Do Not Goe	John Donne
An Epitaph	Walter De La Mare
Song Of Myself	Walt Whitman
Snake	D. H Lawrence
To Autumn	John Keats

c. Translate any five of the following :

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| • महावीर एक महापुरुष थे । | Mahavir was a great man. |
| • वे वैशाली में रहते थे । | He lived in Vaishali. |
| • उनके पिता एक क्षत्रिय राजा थे । | His Father was a Kshatriya king. |
| • यह गंगोत्री से निकलती है | Ganga originates from Gangotri. |

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| • मैं गांव में रहता हूँ। | I live in a village. |
| • मरा गांव पटना से नजदीक है। | My Village is near to Patna. |
| • मुझे ग्रामीण जीवन बहुत पसंद है। | I like village life very much. |

d. What led English to borrowing?

A great number of words have been borrowed into English language. The main reason for borrowing is to provide a word from the source language variety when there is no suitable existing word in the target language. English language, still, continues to expand its vocabulary by means of loanwords from other languages. The English language is in vast debts nearly 80% of the English dictionary words are borrowed from other languages of the world. Most of the words come from German and Fench language. Also, a long list of words is included from Latin, Greek and a small percentage from Spanish, Italian, Portuguese and Dutch. The borrowed word proved to be extremely helpful in enching the vocabulary of English words.

e. Discuss the relevance of English for Indians.

English is one of the most important Global language. Most of the international transactions of recent times were concluded in English.

The language has contributed significantly in bringing people and their culture closer.

The benefits of learning English can be seen in the economic, social and political life of the people of the country.

India has undertaken the gigantic task of rapidly developing its economy, and becoming a powerful country. To fulfil this, people must have up-to-date knowledge of the different branches of science.

Without expert technicians, mechanics and engineers much progress is not possible. We need them in increasing numbers. In fact, in Medical Science countries like China & Japan are 3-4 years behind India. The very reason for this is that these countries are giving very low importance to English language learning.

Besides this, a growing nation has also to guard her against various internal dangers. Under such conditions, the selection of language to be studied by the youth of the country becomes very significant. English is the store-house of scientific knowledge. Hence, its study is of great importance for a developing country like India.

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6. Explain any two of the following :
We will discuss it separately

[4x2=8]

